GRAYSON COLLEGE ASSOCIATE DEGREE NURSING PROGRAM



NURSING 2 RNSG 2404

Fall 2020

GRAYSON COLLEGE Course Syllabus

Please Note: Due to extenuating circumstances, including public health issues, course and testing delivery methods, instructional schedules, housing contracts, campus procedures and/or operating hours may be altered, interrupted and/or ceased for a limited or extended period of time. Such changes will be posted on the College website.

Course Information: RNSG 2404, Integrated Care of the Client with Common Health Care Needs, Fall 2020,

Professor Contact Information

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Course Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, and/or Other Restrictions

Pre-requisites: BIOL 2301/2101 or 2401 & 2302/2102 or 2402; MATH 1314 or MATH 1342; RNSG 1423 or 1227 (TE program), RNSG 1119, RNSG 1360

Co-requisites: RNSG 2404 must be taken concurrently with RNSG 1144 and RNSG 1461.

Restrictions: A grade of "C" (74.5) or better is required to progress to Nursing 3 courses.

Course Placement: Second semester of the nursing program.

Course Description:

(4-0-0-64-4) Application of a systematic problem-solving process, critical thinking skills and concepts to provide nursing care to diverse patients and families across the life span with common health care needs including, but not limited to, common childhood/adolescent diseases, uncomplicated perinatal care, mental health concepts, perioperative care, frequently occurring adult health problems and health issues related to aging. Emphasis on secondary disease prevention and collaboration with members of the interdisciplinary health care team. Content includes roles of the professional nurse and applicable competencies in knowledge, judgment, skills, and professional values within a legal/ethical framework.

End of Program Student Learning Outcomes

Member of the profession

- 1.1 Demonstrate professional attitudes and behaviors.
- 1.2 Demonstrate personal accountability and growth.
- 1.3 Advocate on behalf of patients, families, self, and the profession.

Provider of patient-centered care

- 2.1 Use clinical decision-making skills to provide safe, effective care for patients and families.
- 2.2 Develop, implement, and evaluate teaching plans to meet the needs of patients and families.
- 2.3 Integrate a caring approach in the provision of care for diverse patients and families.
- 2.4 Perform skills safely and correctly in the provision of patient care.
- 2.5 Manage resources in the provision of safe, effective care for patients and families.

Patient safety advocate

- 3.1 Implement measures to promote a safe environment for patients, self, and others
- 3.2 Formulate goals and outcomes to reduce risk using evidence-based guidelines.

Member of the health care team

- 4.1 Initiate and facilitate communication to meet the needs of patients and families.
- 4.2 Collaborate with patients, families, and health care team members to promote quality care.

4.3 Function as a member of the interdisciplinary team.

Course Outcomes

- Identify and apply stages of the nursing process in the care of patients across the lifespan
- Demonstrate knowledge of acute and chronic disease processes across the lifespan
- Apply concepts of physical assessment and examination techniques in the care of patients across the lifespan
- Identify appropriate treatments, nursing interventions, and safety precautions in the care of patients with chronic and acute health conditions

- Identify appropriate communication, collaboration, and coordination with the patients and members of the healthcare team
- Apply concepts of pharmacology and principles of medication administration and calculation
- Describe and apply fundamental skills of nursing
- Describe the nursing care of a patient undergoing an operative procedure
- Identify the appropriate care of a pregnant patient throughout the course of pregnancy and after delivery

Scans Skills:

When taken concurrently with RNSG 1144 and RNSG 1461, the following student learning outcomes will be achieved:

Workplace Competencies

- 1. Resources: Identifies, Organizes, Plans, and Allocates Resources:
 - Students in RNSG 2404 must be able to allocate their time and material/facility resources in an efficient manner in the clinical setting. They must be able to manage the care of two clients in the clinical setting. Students must organize and plan client care activities so that the work is completed in the allocated time and health care resources are used efficiently and effectively.
- 2. Interpersonal Skills: Works with Others

Students in RNSG 2404 must participate as a member of a health care team and negotiate client care goals within the team framework. Students learn evaluation skills as they work with other healthcare team disciplines. Students are also expected to meet self-directed learning goals that enable them to identify needs of growth.

3. Information: Acquires and Uses Information

Students in RNSG 2404 must continue to develop information skills so that all resources related to client information are used appropriately to collect data. Sources of information include the individual hospital information systems, the college's extensive collection of resources including internet, the client's medical record, nursing journals and other available references.

- 4. <u>Systems: Understands Complex Inter-Relations</u> Students in RNSG 2404 must be able to practice within the legal scope of nursing practice. This legal scope includes state board of nursing regulations, federal legislation, state statutes and common law. The practice of nursing is governed by the Nurse Practice Act, which was enacted by the state legislature. A
- variety of laws enacted at the state level directly impact the nurse providing clinical care.
- 5. Technology: Works with a Variety of Technology

Students in RNSG 2404 must be able to manage information and knowledge with use of advanced and emerging technology. Emerging technologies can be used to provide linkages, specifically information technologies used for information handling. The current focus is on using information collected by emerging technologies to gain a competitive advantage in healthcare.

Foundation Skills

1. Basic Skills: Reading, Writing, Math, Listening, and Speaking

Students in RNSG 2404 are required to complete several written assignments reflective of their clinical experiences such as nursing care plans and teaching plans. Participation in teaching plan presentations is also required. Dosage calculations on math mastery exams requiring 90% competency is required.

2. <u>Thinking Skills: Creative Thinking, Problem Solving, Visualizing Relationships, Reasoning and Learning</u> Students in RNSG 2404 are encouraged to be active participants in the learning process as well as selfdirected learners. They must be able to identify their learning needs. They are required to complete case studies for the purpose of problem solving and critical thinking. By recognizing and identifying problems in the health care setting, students develop and implement a plan of care.

3. <u>Personal Qualities: Responsibility, Self-esteem, Sociability, Self-management, Integrity, and Honesty</u> Students in RNSG 2404 critique themselves after each clinical day with regard to professional development. They are expected to demonstrate the professional nursing role by expressing insight into their own learning needs. They must demonstrate respect for others, assume accountability for decisions and/or actions and involve self in finding solutions to problems.

Methods of Instruction:

- 1. Lecture/discussion
- 2. Group Process Role Play
- 3. Simulated client situations
- 4. Study Guides
- 5. Audio-Visual Materials
- 6. Computer programs
- 7. Required Textbooks
- 8. Instructor Student Conferences
- 9. Written Assignments

Methods of Evaluation:

- 1. Successful completion of RNSG 2404 is based upon the following criteria:
 - a. Periodically scheduled exams (see class calendar).
 - b. Final HESI Mid-Curricular Exam (must be taken)
- 2. The periodically scheduled exams determine the course grade: Unit exams account for 75% of the course grade. The HESI Mid-Curricular exam accounts for 25% of the course grade.
- 3. The dates of all exams are posted on the class calendar. Exams are based on course and syllabus learning objectives.
- 4. In the event that make-up exams are necessary, they will be given during the week before final exams. Any missed make-up exams **will not** be rescheduled. **No make-up final exam will be given**. (See class calendar)

Course Grading:

The grading policy for the ADN program follows that of the college for the letter grading system and grade point determination. This policy is found in the Grayson College Catalog. ADN course grades are assigned as follows:

Letter Grade	Interpretation	Numerical Grade	Grade Points/ Semester Hour
А	Excellent	89.50-100	4
В	Good	79.50-89.49	3
С	Satisfactory	74.50-79.49	2
D	Failing	64.50-74.49	1
F	Failing	64.49 - and below	0

According to college policy a letter grade of "D" is considered unsatisfactory in a student's major field of study and generally does not transfer. Therefore, a grade of "C" or better is necessary in the theory course, and a

grade of "S" (satisfactory) in the lab, and clinical courses for satisfactory completion of each level and progression to the next nursing course.

Course & Instructor Policies

Attendance:

The ADN program adheres to the Grayson College Student Handbook attendance policy. Should absences occur which do not allow for full evaluation of student performance (quality and consistency) faculty will be unable to assign a passing grade. In addition, the following policies are specific to the theory course.

- 1. Regular attendance is expected for all classes.
- 2. A roll sheet is used to verify attendance in all theory courses.

3. Students **must** notify the faculty Team Coordinator in case of an absence on a test day at least one hour prior to the scheduled test time.

Please refer to your ADN Student Handbook for additional information/policies on attendance.

Student Conduct & Discipline

Refer to ADN Student Handbook for policies

Grayson College campus-wide student policies may be found on our Current Student Page on our website: <u>http://grayson.edu/current-students/index.htm</u>

Academic Integrity

Refer to ADN Student Handbook for policies

Student Responsibility

You have already made the decision to go to college; now the follow-up decisions on whether to commit to doing the work could very well determine whether you end up working at a good paying job in a field you enjoy or working at minimum wage for the rest of your life. Education involves a partnership that requires both students and instructors to do their parts. By entering into this partnership, you have a responsibility to show up for class, do the assignments and reading, be engaged and pay attention in class, follow directions, and put your best effort into it. You will get out of your experience here exactly what you put into it – nothing more and nothing less.

Disability Services

The ADN faculty recognizes that, in specific circumstances, students in the ADN program may require modifications. This policy is consistent with the Rules & Regulations Relation to Professional Nursing Education, Licensure & Practice, Texas Board of Nursing, and with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Please refer to Grayson College's policy regarding student accommodations, the Grayson College Student Handbook, or refer to the website: www.grayson.edu for more information.

TITLE IX

GC policy prohibits discrimination on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, race, religion, retaliation, serious medical condition, sex, sexual orientation, spousal affiliation and protected veterans 8.7.20 status.

Furthermore, Title IX prohibits sex discrimination to include sexual misconduct: sexual violence (sexual assault, rape), sexual harassment and retaliation.

For more information on Title IX, please contact:

- Dr. Molly M. Harris, Title IX Coordinator (903)463-8714
- Ms. Logan Maxwell, Title IX Deputy Coordinator South Campus (903) 415-2646
- Mr. Mike McBrayer, Title IX Deputy Coordinator Main Campus (903) 463-8753
- Website: http://www.grayson.edu/campus-life/campus-police/title-ix-policies.html
- GC Police Department: (903) 463-8777- Main Campus) (903-415-2501 South Campus)
- GC Counseling Center: (903) 463-8730
- For Any On-campus Emergencies: 911

**Grayson College is not responsible for illness/injury that occurs during the normal course of classroom/lab/clinical experiences.

**These descriptions and timelines are subject to change at the discretion of the Professor. ** Grayson College campus-wide student policies may be found at the following URL on the College website: https://www.grayson.edu/currentstudents/Academic%20Resources/index.html

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Required Textbooks

RNSG 2404 Spring 2020 Required Textbooks and Materials for Nursing 2 DO NOT BUY INDIVIDUAL BOOKS BUY ONLY BUNDLES

REQUIRED:

ISBN#s PRINT	AUTHOR	TITLE
ELSEVIER Publishing		
	Gahart & Nazareno	2020 Intravenous Medications
	Kizior & Hodgson	Saunders Nursing Drug Handbook 2020
	Lewis, Bucher, Heitkemper, Harding, Kwong & Roberts	MEDICAL-SURG NRSG 10E-SINGLE VOL + Sherpath or MEDICAL-SURG NRSG 11E-SINGLE VOL + Sherpath
	McKinney,James, Murray, Nelson & Ashwill	MATERN-CHILD NURSING 5E + Sherpath
	Silvestri	Saund Comp Rev NCLEX-RN Exam 7
ISBN 9780323690805	Spring 2019 ELSEVIER bundle Package with ebooks only Buy this package if you want ebooks only	All the books from Elsevier Bundled for a discounted price. (Bookstore) including the Sherpath
ISBN 9780323690997	Spring 2019 ELSEVIER bundle Package with ebooks + print books Buy this package is you want print books, will come with ebooks and print books .	All the books from Elsevier Bundled for a discounted price. (Bookstore) including the Sherpath
F.A. Davis Co.		
ISBN: 978-0-8036-9313-5	Bundle Price Fundamentals book (2 Volume) ED. 3 (Wilkinson) Davis edge for fundamentals	All the books from F. A. Davis Bundled for a discounted price. (Bookstore) If buy direct from F.A. Davis and add the discount code LFG7XNCQ will get an additional 20% discount. LFG7XNCQ
CANVAS COURSE SHELL	Downloadable from GCC Canvas	
	course shell	
GCC Faculty		ADN Student Handbook
GCC Faculty		Course Syllabus – Each Semester

GC uses the online textbook resources extensively. A rented or used textbook will not have online resource access, which will be an additional expense and burden to the student

Nursing 3 will require a mental health text book to be announced Highlighted books mean a new edition

NOT REQUIRED:

Additional tools you may find useful Clinical Calculations, Medical Nursing Dictionary Laboratory Tests and Diagnostic Procedure

Math Application Objectives

Students are responsible for objectives listed under their current semester level in addition to all previous semester(s).

Level I

- 1. Interpret & properly express metric and household notations.
- 2. Convert from one unit to another within the same system of measurement.
- 3. Convert units of measure from one system of measurement to another system of measurement (metric and household).
- 4. Interpret drug labels and calculate prescribed dosages.
- 5. Interpret drug prescriptions and standard abbreviations.
- 6. Calculate the number of tablets, capsules or volume of liquid for prescribed oral dosages.
- 7. Calculate the amount of a drug to be administered per pound or kilogram of body weight.

Level II

- 8. Calculate the volume of a liquid for injection administration.
- 9. When given specific diluents information for drug reconstitution, calculate the volume to be administered.
- 10. Select the appropriate syringe for a calculated volume for parenteral administration.
- 11. Express a calculated answer by selecting the correct calibrated line on a syringe.
- 12. Calculate the rate of direct IV infusions.
- 13. Recognize the calibration or drop factor of IV administration sets.
- 14. Calculate the flow rate in drops per minute, and/or ml/hr. of a prescribed amount of intravenous fluid.

Level III & IV

- 15. From a given label and/or hypothetical situation, select the information needed to calculate the medication dosage.
- 16. Recognize the reasonable amount of drug to be administered.
- 17. Appropriately label a multi-use vial following reconstitution.
- 18. From a ml/hr. setting, calculate the units/hr. delivered. (Ex: heparin, pitocin)
- 19. For a given dosage/time order (ex: mg/min) calculate the flow rate in ml/hr. or gtts./min.
- 20. Convert IV's with additive medications to mg/hr. or mg/min. to check for therapeutic dosage ranges.
- 21. Demonstrate accurate titration of medications based on a nomogram or other given

parameters.

- 22. For a given IV dosage ordered by weight per minute (mcg/kg/min), calculate the correct flow rate in ml/hr or gtts/min.
- 23. For a given IV delivery rate (ml/hr), calculate the equivalent mg/hr, units/hr; or units/mg) dosage

Pharmacologic Math: Medication Dosage Calculation

Instructions for rounding will be included on all nursing exams that contain pharmacologic math questions. The instructions will be specific to the medication dose being calculated.

These general rules must be used for correct dosage calculation and documentation:

(These rules will <u>not</u> be included in exam rounding instructions: memorize these rules!!)

- <u>Do not</u> use trailing zeros after a decimal point. Example: X mg. (correct) X.0 mg. (incorrect)
- <u>Do</u> use a leading zero prior to a decimal point. Example: 0.X mg. (correct) .X mg. (incorrect)
- Do not round until the very last step in the calculation.

Other helpful guidelines:

Tablets

Tablets are most frequently administered whole or cut in half. Occasionally, tablets may be cut in quarters. Follow standard rounding rules to determine the most accurate dose.

Oral liquids

Round according to the measuring device being used

3 mL syringe

Calibrated in tenths of a mL, so doses should be rounded to the nearest one decimal point.

Use for doses greater than 1 mL. Examples: 1.25 mL = 1.3 mL2.67 mL = 2.7 mL

<u>Tuberculin syringe</u>

Calibrated in hundredths of a mL, so doses should be rounded to the nearest two decimal points.

Use for doses less than 1 mL.

Examples: 0.536 mL = 0.54 mL0.695 mL = 0.7 mL

Intravenous fluids

May be administered in drops/minute or mL/hour When calculating drops/minute: round to the nearest whole number When calculating mL/hour: round according to the capability of the infusion pump (may be to a decimal point

Course Content

1. Describe the relationship between the syllabus, curriculum and course requirements.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Course Overview	Read:
ADN Handbook	GC ADN Student Handbook
RNSG 2404	Syllabi for:
RNSG 1144	RNSG 2404, RNSG 1144, RNSG 1461
RNSG 1461	
Course Requirements	
GC Mission and Philosophy	
Canvas-LMS	

NOTE: Topics may be listed in a different order than calendar. Please see calendar for specific dates/times of lectures.

Therapeutic Communication

- 1. Define communication.
- 2. Describe the elements of collaborative professional communication.
- 3. Identify therapeutic techniques of communication (tools).
- 4. Identify non-therapeutic responses (blocks).
- 5. Name the phases of the nurse/client relationship.
- 6. Select nursing actions that help in establishing rapport with a client.
- 7. Demonstrate therapeutic techniques that promote effective communication with all clients.
- 8. Differentiate the verbal and non-verbal techniques of therapeutic communication appropriate for listed age groups.
- 9. Identify methods of conflict resolution.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION

	Read:
Therapeutic Communication Techniques and	Wilkinson, Treas, Bartlett, Smith, Chapter 21, Pages 458-
Blocks-	478
Age and condition specific	Lewis 10 th : Pgs 25-28, 50
Conflict Resolution	Lewis 10 th : Pgs 25-28, 50 Lewis 11 th : Pgs. 24-30
	McKinney: Pgs 26-29 and 53-55

Sterile Asepsis

- 1. Define sterile asepsis.
- 2. Describe scientific principles related to sterile asepsis.
- 3. Describe the rationale and use of sterile technique in providing care of clients.
- 4. Describe techniques for donning sterile gloves

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Asepsis- Definition	Read:
Aseptic techniques.	Lewis 10th: Ch. 14, p. 217-218
Medical asepsis (clean techniques) Hand	Lewis 11 th : CH. 14 pg. 216; Ch. 18 p. 317-319
washing	Wilkinson, et al:
Surgical asepsis (sterile technique)	Vol. I, Ch. 23, p.517-544
Sterilization	Vol. II, Ch. 23, p. 317-347
Breaks in technique	

Shock

- 1. Define underlying pathophysiology.
- 2. Describe priority nursing assessments.
- 3. Describe nursing care measures to reduce risk.
- 4. Describe the role of the nurse in collaborative measures.
- 5. Define the listed types of shock.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Shock: Hypovolemic	Read:
Septic	Lewis, Heitkemper & Dirksen;
Anaphylactic	Chapter 66, Skip Neurogenic and cardiogenic shock
	McKinney, James, Murray, pgs 943-945

Pre-Op/Intra-Op

- 1. Identify the nursing assessment appropriate for clients in the preoperative phase.
- 2. Recognize nursing actions that assist clients of various age groups in meeting their preoperative safety/security, belonging, and esteem needs.
- 3. Review manifestations of physical and psychological anxiety.
- 4. Identify the rationale for specific preoperative teaching.
- 5. Describe the purpose and the nursing management for equipment presented in client preoperative teaching.
- 6. Identify appropriate nursing actions related to preoperative teaching.
- 7. Identify the rationale for selected diagnostic tests.
- 8. Recognize the normal value of selected diagnostic tests.
- 9. Describe the actions and nursing implications of selected preoperative medications.
- 10. Recognize nursing actions that assist in the physiological preparation of surgical clients.
- 11. Describe the nursing responsibilities as related to the preoperative checklist.
- 12. Identify the responsibilities of each member of the surgical team in meeting the needs of the client.
- 13. Describe safety measures utilized in the surgical suite including the nurse's role in monitoring a safe surgical environment.
- 14. Describe principles of aseptic technique.
- 15. Identify selected types of anesthesia, rationale for using, and selected adjuncts to anesthesia.
- 16. Identify gerontological considerations regarding surgery.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Preoperative	Read:
Assessment	Lewis, Chapter 17
Pre-operative Teaching	
Diagnostic Studies	McKinney, James, Murray, pgs 943-945
Medication Therapy	
Physical Preparation	
Consent	
Checklist	
Intraoperative	Read:
Surgical Team Roles	Lewis: Chapter
Safety Factors	18
Anesthesia	McKinney, James, Murray, pgs 943-945
Considerations	
Classifications	

PACU/Post-Op

- 1. Identify causes, signs, and symptoms of post-anesthesia respiratory complications.
- 2. Compare and contrast types of oxygen delivery methods.
- 3. Describe steps used in administering oxygen based on delivery method.
- 4. Review safety issues relevant to care of a client receiving oxygen.
- 5. Describe the technique used for oropharyngeal suctioning.
- 6. Describe indicators of levels of consciousness in the immediate post-operative period.
- 7. Describe the management of nausea and vomiting.
- 8. Recognize problems related to fluids and electrolytes.
- 9. Identify the nursing implications related to various types of surgical wound drains.
- 10. Describe nursing interventions in caring for the client with a surgical wound.
- 11. Identify post-operative physiological and psychological needs of clients of various age groups.
- 12. Recognize nursing actions that assist clients of various age groups in meeting their post-operative physiological needs.
- 13. Recognize nursing actions that assist identified "high risk" clients in meeting their post-operative physiological needs.
- 14. Identify nursing actions aimed at prevention of post-operative complications.
- 15. Identify nursing actions for the care of a client with post-operative complications.
- 16. Identify psychological and behavioral responses to the surgical experience.
- 17. Describe the procedure for oral suctioning.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Immediate Postoperative Care	Read: Lewis: Chapter 19
Cardiovascular System	
Respiratory System	McKinney, James, Murray, pgs 943-945
Neurological System	
Gastrointestinal System	
Genitourinary System	
Integumentary System	

Hyperlipidemia

- 1. Describe atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis, including collaborative care and nursing management.
- 2. Evaluate strategies to help patients manage controllable risk factors and actively participate in the plan of care.
- 3. Prioritize nursing actions for monitoring diet, exercise, and labs.
- 4. Identify significant nursing actions regarding medication management.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Hyperlipidemia	Read:
Pathophysiology	McCuistion, Kee, & Hayes, Ch. 41, p. 592-601
Assessment	Lewis 10 th ed:
Diet Therapy	Ch. 33, p.708-711
Drug Therapy	Ch. 46, p.1077, & p. 1082
Pt education	Lewis 11 th ed: CH. 33, pg. 698-708
	Silvestri: Ch 56, p. 770-771; Ch 57, p 809

IV Fluid and Electrolytes

- 1. Describe the composition of the major body fluid compartments.
- 2. Define processes involved in the regulation of the movement of water and electrolytes between body fluid compartments.
- 3. Identify the etiology, laboratory diagnostic findings, clinical manifestations, and nursing and collaborative management of common fluid and electrolyte imbalances. Describe the composition and indications for common IV fluid solutions.
- 4. Demonstrate knowledge needed to provide care for clients with fluid and electrolyte imbalances.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Fluid imbalances	Read: Wilkinson, et al: Chap 38 p 983-996
Physiologic Principles	Lewis Chapter 16
Dehydration/ Deficit	Saunders NCLEX Review: Ch 8 and 9
Over hydration/ Excess	
Electrolyte imbalances	
Sodium	
Potassium	
Calcium	
Magnesium	
Phosphorous	

Integumentary Disorders

- 1. Explain the etiology, clinical manifestations, and nursing and collaborative management of:
 - common acute and malignant dermatologic problems
 - bacterial, viral, and fungal infections of the integument
 - infestations and insect bites
 - allergic dermatologic disorders
 - benign dermatologic disorders
- 2. Summarize the psychological and physiologic effects of chronic dermatologic conditions.
- 3. Discuss the dermatologic manifestations of common systemic diseases.
- 4. Explain the indications and nursing management related to common cosmetic procedures and skin grafts.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Integumentary Disorders	Read:
Infections	Lewis 10th: Chapter 23
Bacterial	Lewis 11 th : Ch. 23, pg. 409-429
Viral	
Fungal	McKinney, James: Pgs 1173-1193
Infestations	
Insects	
Bedbugs	
Pediculosis	
Scabies	
Ticks	
Inflammations	
Dermatitis	
Eczema	
Psoriasis	
Cosmetic Surgery	
Neoplastic Integumentary Disorders	
Skin Cancers	
Keratosis	
Basal cell carcinoma	
Squamous cell carcinoma	
Malignant melanoma	

Arterial/Venous Disorders

Arterial

- 1. Describe the etiology and pathophysiology of peripheral arterial disease.
- 2. Identify the major risk factors, clinical manifestations, collaborative care, and surgical management associated with peripheral arterial disease of the lower extremities.
- **3**. Differentiate the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and collaborative care of PAD, Buerger's Disease, and Reynaud's Phenomenon.
- 4. Recognize aneurysms, aortiliac occlusive disease, and aortic dissection and associated nursing care.

Venous

- 1. Explain the pathology, etiology, clinical manifestations, collaborative care, diagnostics, and surgical management of venous disorders.
- 2. Identify the etiology and pathology of venous disorders.
- 3. Compare and contrast modifiable and non-modifiable risk factors.
- 4. Describe pharmacologic management and associated nursing care for venous disorders.
- 5. Demonstrate accurate titration of medications based on nomograms with given parameters.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Arterial Disorders	Arterial Disorders
Arteriosclerosis	Read: Lewis, 10 th edition, Chapter 37, 802-816
Atherosclerosis	Lewis 11 th : CH. 37, pg. 800-813
Peripheral arterial disease	Wilkinson, Treas, Bartlett, Smith, Chapter 22, pages 503-504
Peripheral arterial occlusion	
Buerger's Disease	
Reynaud's phenomenon	
Aortic Aneurisms	Venous Disorders
	Read: Lewis, 10 th edition, Chapter 37, pg 816-829
Venous Disorders	Chapter 27 pg 529-531
Venous thromboembolism (VTE)	Lewis 11 th : CH. 37, pg. 813-826; Ch. 27, pg. 532-534
Venous insufficiency	
Varicose veins	Successfully Demonstrates accurate titration of medications
Thrombophlebitis	based on a nomogram
Diagnostic Studies	
Popliteal entrapment	
Venography	
Doppler Ultrasound	
Prothrombin Time (PT) Partial	
thromboplastin time (PTT)	
International normalized ratio (INR)	
Serum cholesterol / triglycerides	
Arteriography	
Segmental systolic blood pressure	
Exercise tolerance test	
Medical Management	
Anti-platelet agents / Thrombolytic /	
Anticoagulants	
0	

Pain

- 1. Review pain concepts.
- 2. Describe methods for acute and chronic pain management.
- 3. Explain the nursing actions in initiating and maintaining a PCA pump.
- 4. Describe the nursing actions in maintaining an epidural infusion and epidural catheter care.
- 5. Discuss the nursing actions to manage side effects and potential complications of epidural medication administration.
- 6. Explain the nurse's role and responsibility in pain management.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Acute Pain Management	Read:
Epidural	
PCA	Lewis, et al 10th: Ch. 8, p. 102-128
Surgical interventions	Lewis 11 th : CH.8, pg. 102-126
	McCuistion, Kee, & Hayes:
Chronic Pain Management	Ch. 11, p. 142-143
	Ch. 18, p. 242-244
	Ch 24, p 306-321
	Ch. 25, p. 332
	Ch. 50, 738-739
	McKinney, et al : Ch. 39, p. 869-884
	Silvestri, Ch. 13, p. 144-153, Ch 10, p 112-114
	Wilkinson, et al:
	Vol. I, Ch. 31, p. 790-815
	Vol. II, Ch. 31, p. 610-621

Pancreatitis/Gallbladder Disease

- 1. Differentiate between acute and chronic pancreatitis related to clinical manifestations, pathophysiology, inter-professional care, complications, and nursing management.
- 2. Explain diagnostic studies used to diagnose and differentiate acute and chronic pancreatitis.
- 3. Differentiate between cholesystitis and cholelithiasis and the diagnostic determinants.
- 4. Discuss medical and surgical management of gallbladder disease.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Pancreatitis	Read:
Cholecystitis/Cholelithiasis	Lewis 10th; Chap 38, p 835-852, Chapter 43, p 999-
Diagnostic determinants	Lewis 11 th : Ch 38, pg. 832-848; CH 43, pg. 992-1004
Serum bilirubin	
Urine bilirubin	
Endoscopic retrograde	
Cholangiopancreatography (ERCP)	
Ultrasound of the gallbladder	
Serum Amylase	
Serum Lipase	
Medical Management	
Medication	
Other therapies	
G.I. decompression	
Surgical Management	
Cholecystotomy	
Laser surgery	

Diabetes

- 1. Differentiate between type 1 and type 2 diabetes mellitus
- 2. Describe the collaborative care of the patient with DM
- 3. Discuss the nursing management of the patient with Diabetes Mellitus
- 4. Relate the pathophysiology of acute and chronic complications of DM to the clinical manifestations

Pediatric Diabetes

- 1. Differentiate between type 1 and type 2 diabetes mellitus in the pediatric patient
- 2. Describe the collaborative care of the pediatric patient with DM
- 3. Discuss the nursing management of the child with Diabetes Mellitus
- 4. Relate the pathophysiology of acute and chronic complications of DM to the clinical manifestations

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Classifications Type 1 & Type 2 & 1.5	Adult:
Insulin Resistance	Read: Lewis 10 th : Ch 47 & 48
Impaired glucose tolerance	Lewis 11 th : Ch. 47 p. 1095 (pancreas only); Ch. 48 pg. 1108-
Secondary Diabetes	1142
Diagnostic Studies	
Types of Insulin	Pedi: McKinney, James, Murray Ch 51, pp 1260-1273
Administration of Insulin	
Insulin Therapy & Problems	Wilkinson, Treas, Bartlett, Smith, Chapter 26, pages 640-
Insulin Delivery Methods	649, Chapter 27 Pages 712
Drug Therapy: Oral Agents	
Nutritional Therapy	
Exercise	
Monitoring Blood Glucose	
Nursing Management	
Ambulatory & Home Care	
Acute Illness & Surgery	
Hyperglycemia	
Hypoglycemia	

Degenerative Disorders

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, risk factors, diagnostics, clinical manifestations, and treatment modalities for osteoporosis, Paget's disease, osteoarthritis, and osteomalacia.
- 2. Identify nursing implications for inter-professional management of clients with degenerative and structural disorders.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Degenerative & Structural Disorders	Read:
Osteoporosis	
Paget's Disease	Lewis, et al 10th:
Osteoarthritis	Ch. 63, p. 1496-1516
Osteomalacia	Ch. 64. p. 1517-1551
	Lewis 11 th : CH 63, pg. 1478-1498; CH. 64, pg. 1499-1530
Diagnostic Tests	Silvestri: Ch 65, p 958-964
Medical/Surgical Management	
External Fixation Devices	
Medication therapy	
Diet Therapy	
Surgical Intervention	

Intestinal Disorders

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, and nursing care of clients with obstructive disorders, and infective/inflammatory disorders of the gastrointestinal system.
- 2. Understand associated diagnostic studies, including microbiology, radiology, and invasive exams, including indications for and nursing care measures.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Obstructive Disorders	Read:
Types	
Mechanical	Lewis, et al 10th: Ch. 41, p. 893-928
Hernias	Ch. 42, p. 929-971
Nonmechanical	Lewis 11 th : Ch 41, pg. 889-923; Ch. 42, pg. 924-967
Paralytic ileus	
Medical Management	Silvestri, Ch. 52, p. 669-697
Medication	Ch. 53, p. 698-702
Decompression	
Infections/Inflammations	TPN: Lewis 11 th : Ch. 39, pg. 863-864
Types	
Ulcerative colitis	
Crohn's disease	
Irritable bowel syndrome	
Gastroenteritis	
Appendicitis	
Diverticulosis/Diverticulitis	
Peritonitis	
Helminthic infections	
Food Poisoning	
Diagnostic Determinants	
Barium enema	
Sigmoidoscopy	
Colonoscopy	
Ultrasound	
Other	
Medical Management	
Medication	
Steroids	
Tranquilizers	
Sedatives	
Vitamins	
Antibiotics	
Immunosuppressive drugs	
Laxatives	
Other	
Diet Therapy	
TPN- Parenteral	
Elemental diet	
Low residue	
High fiber	
Low roughage	

Surgical Management	
Bowel resection- Diversion	
Complications	
Peritonitis	
Anorectal Disorders	
Types	
Hemorrhoids	
Abscess	
Fistula	
Intestinal Parasitic Diseases	
Abdominal Trauma	
Types	
Intestinal trauma	
Liver	
Spleen	

Foundations of OB/Antepartum

- 1. Describe local/national trends related to maternal/newborn nursing and recognize factors which affect the experience of pregnancy.
- 2. Compare current settings for childbirth, both within and outside of the hospital setting, along with the role of the nurse in these settings.
- 3. Discuss trends in maternal, infant, and childhood mortality rates.
- 4. Understand conception and fetal development processes.
- 5. Identify important landmarks of fetal development.
- 6. Understand the physiologic changes that occur during pregnancy and the nursing management of those changes.
- 7. Perform Naegele's Rule calculations, GTPAL documentation, and differentiate between probable, presumptive, and positive indicators of pregnancy.
- 8. Discuss the nutritional needs of the woman prior to, during, and after pregnancy.
- 9. Discuss strategies to promote maternal and fetal well-being.
- 10. Identify risk factors which affect the pregnant client.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Foundations Of OB	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill, 5 th
	Edition
	Ch. 1 & 2
Maternity Care Today:	
Trends	Optiona l: Ch. 3, 5, & 6
Roles	1) Review normal A&P of male and female reproductive
Standards of Practice	systems, Ch. 11

	2) Review the major male and female reproductive hormones and their function, Ch. 113) Review the normal process of fertilization and implantation, Ch. 12
Antepartum	Antepartum
Fetal Development	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
Hereditary/Risk Factors	Ch. 12
Physiologic & Psychological Changes During	Ch. 10
Pregnancy	Ch. 13
Nutrition For Childbearing	Ch. 14
Prenatal Diagnostic Tests	Ch. 15

Intrapartum

- 1. Examine factors which influence labor and delivery of a fetus and associated nursing care.
- 2. Differentiate between true and false labor.
- 3. Describe cervical changes and contraction cycles during labor.
- 4. Determine fetal attitude, lie, and presentation.
- 5. Examine the stages and phases of labor and delivery and associated nursing care.
- 6. Discuss risks, advantages, and nursing care of a client undergoing an obstetric procedure.
- 7. Identify the nursing needs of a woman who experiences a cesarean delivery.
- 8. Discuss pain management techniques, medications, and procedures.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Intrapartum	Intrapartum
Process of Birth,	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
Vaginal Birth & Cesarean Birth	
	Ch. 16 & 18
Nursing Care During Obstetric Procedures	Ch. 19

Fetal Monitoring

- 1. Discuss purpose, significance, and nursing actions associated with fetal heart rate monitoring.
- 2. Identify baseline FHR and periodic changes in FHR.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Fetal Monitoring	Fetal Monitoring
	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
	Ch. 17

Newborn Assessment

- 1. Determine Apgar score on an infant.
- 2. Examine parent-infant attachment.
- 3. Discuss newborn assessment, common complications, and associated nursing actions.
- 4. Perform a gestational age assessment.
- 5. Discuss the significance of the gestational age assessment.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Newborn Assessment	Newborn Assessment
	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
Newborn Adaptation & Assessment	
-	Ch. 21

Newborn care and nutrition

- 1. Discuss nursing care associated with newborn procedures, common complications, and routine interventions.
- 2. Examine the differences in formula versus breast feeding.
- 3. Identify common problems with breastfeeding and nursing interventions to resolve them.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Newborn Care & Feeding	Newborn Care & Feeding Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
Newborn Procedures Nursing Care Feeding	Ch. 22 & 23

Postpartum

- 1. Compare the nursing care for a patient who experienced a cesarean delivery versus a vaginal delivery.
- 2. Examine qualities of post-partum assessment, physiologic changes, and nursing interventions.
- 3. Differentiate between post-partum blues and post-partum depression.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Post-Partum	Post-Partum
	Read: McKinney, James, Murray, Nelson, and Ashwill:
Post-Partum Adaptation, Physiological Changes, & Nursing Care Cesarean vs. Vaginal Delivery	Ch. 20

Female Reproductive Disorders

- 1. Discuss the pathophysiology of selected benign breast disorders.
- 2. Identify appropriate dietary modifications.
- 3. Discuss collaborative care for selected female reproductive disorders.
- 4. Determine etiology and manifestations of common menstrual disorders and conditions of the vulva, vagina and cervix.
- 5. Identify availability, risks, benefits, and proper use of birth control methods

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Common Menstrual Disorders:	Read:
Amenorrhea	Lewis, Chapters 53
Dysmenorrhea	
Premenstrual syndrome (PMS)	McKinney, James, Murray Ch 31,
Endometriosis	Chap 32, pages 699-711, 714-715
Dysfunctional Uterine Bleeding	
Perimenopause/Postmenopausal	
Menopause	
Conditions of the Vulva, Vagina, & Cervix:	
Vaginitis	
Vulvitis	
Bartholin cyst/abscess	
Toxic Shock Syndrome	
Contraception	
Infertility	
Benign Structural Disorders & Other	
Uterine displacement/prolapse	
Cystocele/ Rectocele	
Genital Fistulas	
Benign Neoplasms (cysts, polyps, tumors)	
Benign Breast Disorders	
Mastalgia	Breast Disorders –
Mastitis	Lewis, Chapter 51
Fibrocystic breast changes	McKinney Chap 32 Pages 688-694
Fibroadenoma	
Intraductal papilloma	
Ductal ectasia	

Digestive Disorders

- 1. Describe the etiology, complications, collaborative care, and nursing management of nausea and vomiting.
- 2. Explain the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, collaborative care, complications, and nursing management for clients with upper gastrointestinal problems.
- 3. Identify common types of foodborne illnesses and nursing responsibilities related to food poisoning.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Inflammatory Disorders	
Types	Read: Lewis: Chapter 41; (skip cancer)
Gastritis	
Gastroenteritis	Saunders NCLEX Review, 7 th Ch 52 & 53
Diagnostic Determinants	
Endoscopy	
Ultrasound	
Other	
Upper GI Bleeding	
Peptic Ulcers	
Types	
Gastric	
Duodenal	
Stress	
Die erste Determinente	
Diagnostic Determinants	
Esophagogastro-duodenoscopy (EGD)	
Upper Gastrointestinal Series (UGI) Barium Swallow	
Other	
Medical Management Gastric tubes	
Medication Therapy Antacids	
Anticholinergics	
Histamine receptor antagonists	
Gastric acid inhibitors	
Prostaglandins	
Cytoprotective agents	
Other	
Surgical Management	
Gastrectomy	
Vagotomy	
Billroth I/II Procedure	
Pyloroplasty	
Complications	
Perforation	
Hemorrhage	
Dumping Syndrome	
Gastric Outlet Obstruction	

Ingestive Disorders

- 1. For the client with problems involving ingestion, oral inflammation and infection, and esophageal disorders:
 - Explain the pathophysiology
 - Describe dietary modifications
 - Explain the extended health risks

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION	
Nausea & Vomiting	Read:	
Dysphagia	Lewis; Chapter 41	
Somatitis		
Gingivitis		
Herpes simplex		
Oral Candidiasis		
Vincent's Gingivitis		
Parotitis		
Aphthous Stomatitis		
Leukoplakia		
GERD		
Esophagitis		
Barrett's Esophagus		
Hiatal Hernia		
Esophageal Diverticula		
Esophageal Strictures		
Achalasia		
Mandibular fracture		

Hypertension

- 1. Describe the mechanisms involved in the regulation of blood pressure.
- 2. Describe pharmacologic management, clinical manifestations, complications, lifestyle modifications, and collaborative care in a patient with hypertension.
- 3. Identify pathophysiologic mechanisms associated with primary hypertension.
- 4. Discuss major antihypertensive agents including diuretics, sympatholytics, calcium channel blockers, direct vasodilators, and angiotensin inhibitors.
- 5. Explain strategies for the prevention of primary hypertension.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Hypertension	Read:
Definitions	Lewis 10th, Chapter 33
Classifications	Lewis 11 th , Ch. 32 pg. 678-697
Pathophysiology	McKinney 5 th Edition, pgs 1112-1114
Risk factors	Recommended: McCuiston 9 th ed. Chapters 38-39
Complications	
Nursing Mgm	
Lifestyle Modifications	
Weight reduction	
DASH diet	
Sodium Restriction	
Aerobic activity	
Avoid tobacco	
Stress reduction	
HTN Crisis	
HTN in children	
HTN Drug therapy	

Nutritional Disorders

- 1. Describe the classification systems for determining a person's body size.
- 2. Explain the health risks associated with obesity.
- 3. Discuss nutritional therapy and exercise plans for the obese client.
- 4. Describe nursing care for clients undergoing surgical management of obesity.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Obesity	Read:
Etiology	Lewis 10 th : Chapter 40, p 874-892; CH 39, pg. 856-864, 871-
Health Risks	872
Conservative therapy	Lewis 11 th : CH. 40, pg. 869-888, Ch. 39, pg. 851-860, 866-
Surgery	867
Bariatric	
Metabolic Syndrome	Saunders NCLEX Review, 7th edition, Pages 678-679

Musculoskeletal Trauma

- 1. Define the various injuries- Soft Tissue, Repetitive Strain, Fractures.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, and nursing care of clients with musculoskeletal trauma.
- 3. Identify possible causes & preventions for the listed disorders.
- 4. Explain common interventions and nursing management for each disorder.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Low back pain	Read:
Soft Tissue Trauma	Lewis: Chapter 62, pg 1462-1470
Contusions	
Strains	McKinney, James, Murray Pgs. 1346-1351
Sprains	
Tears	
Subluxation	
Dislocation	
Repetitive Use Injuries	
Carpal tunnel	
Rotator Cuff	
Fractures	
Simple	
Compound	
Pathologic	
Greenstick	
Transverse	
Oblique	
Spiral	
Comminuted	
Depression	
Compression	
Avulsion	
Diagnostic Studies	
Medical / Surgical Management	
Treatments	
Casts / Traction	
Surgical Intervention	

Musculoskeletal Surgery

- 1. Discuss the processes of surgical knee repair/replacement, rotator cuff repair, carpal tunnel release, and surgical hip repair/replacement.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, diagnostics, and nursing care of bone and joint surgical procedures.
- 3. Identify possible complications, causes, and possible preventive measures.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Нір	Read:
Knee	Lewis Ch 62
Other	
Joint replacement	McKinney, James, Murray Pgs 1340-1346
Rotator Cuff Repair	
Carpal Tunnel Release	
Spine	
Amputations	
Diagnostic Studies	
Medical / Surgical Management	
Treatments	
Surgical Intervention	
~	

Connective Tissue Disorders

- 1. Review the pathophysiology of the inflammatory response.
- 2. Compare and contrast the pathophysiology and manifestations of RA, lupus, gout, and scleroderma.
- 3. Identify diagnostic tests, nursing priorities, and client education in regards to RA, lupus, gout, and scleroderma.
- 4. Describe the medical and pharmacologic management of connective tissue disorders, as well as the mechanism of action, side effects, and nursing responsibilities with pharmacologic management of connective tissue disorders.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Rheumatoid Arthritis	Read:
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	Lewis 10 th : Chapter 64, Pages 1525-1550
Gout	Lewis 11 th : CH. 64, pg. 1505-1515, 1519-1525
Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	
Scleroderma (systemic sclerosis)	
Diagnostic Studies	
Medical Surgical Management	
Medication Therapy, Treatments, Diet	
Therapy and Surgical Intervention	

Respiratory Disorders

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, and collaborative and nursing care of non-infectious and infectious adult upper respiratory disorders.
- 2. Identify respiratory distress in the adult patient.
- 3. Explain teaching strategies for adult respiratory disorders.

Pediatric Respiratory Disorders

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, and collaborative and nursing care of pediatric respiratory disorders.
- 2. Identify respiratory distress in the pediatric patient.
- 3. Explain teaching strategies for pediatric respiratory disorders.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Non-infectious Upper Respiratory	Read:
Disorders	
Nose	Lewis 10 th : Chapter 26, pg 475-485
Deviated Septum	Chap 27 p 499-528
Nasal Fracture	Chapter 7 pgs 97-98
Epistaxis	Lewis 11 th : Ch. 26, pg. 477-488; Ch. 7, pg. 95-97; Ch. 27,
Nasal Polyps	pg. 502-531
Allergic Rhinitis	
Oral pharynx	Optional: Review only: Lewis Chap 25
Sleep Apnea	
Lungs	
Infectious Respiratory Problems	McKinney Chap 45, Pg 1028-1054
Nose	
Acute Viral Rhinitis	
Influenza	
Sinuses	
Sinusitis	
Oral pharynx	
Acute Pharyngitis	
Lungs	
Acute Bronchitis	
Pneumonia	
Lung Abscess	
Pleural Effusion	
Pleurisy	
Atelectasis	
Bronchiolitis	
Pedi Respiratory:	
Tonsillitis	
Croup Syndromes	
Pneumonia	
Foreign Body Aspiration	
Laryngotracheobronchitis	
Bacterial Tracheitis	

Bowel Diversions

- 1. Explain the anatomic and physiologic changes, and the nursing management, of a client with an ileostomy and colostomy.
- 2. Describe the pathophysiology, manifestations, treatments, and nursing care of clients with a bowel resection.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Bowel resection	Read:
Ostomy	Lewis, et al 10th: Ch. 42, p. 929-971
Protocolectomy with Ileostomy	Lewis 11 th : CH. 42, pg. 951-956
Colostomy	Silvestri: Ch. 48, p. 595-596
Ileostomy	Ch. 52, p. 688 box 52-11
Double-barreled stoma	Wilkinson, et al:
Kock pouch	Vol. I, Ch. 29, p. 751-752, & p.763-770
Ileanal reservoir	Vol. II Ch. 29, p. 582-593
Pre and Post operative Care	
Colostomy care	
Ileostomy Care	
Adaptation to an Ostomy	

Pediatric Musculoskeletal Disorders

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments, and nursing care of pediatric musculoskeletal disorders.
- 2. Identify types of anomalies and various ways to categorize them.
- 3. Recognize factors and lifespan considerations that affect the client.
- 4. Describe nursing interventions for: major complications and to support healing.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Pediatric MS anomalies	
Congenital hip dysplasia	Read:
Congenital foot deformities	McKinney, James, Murray Pgs. 1353-1369
Scoliosis	
Muscular Dystrophy	
Other anomalies	

Casts and Traction

- 1. Describe the purpose/use for varying types of casts, binders, bandages, braces, and tractions.
- 2. Identify types of casts, traction, bandages, binders and associated nursing care.
- 3. Recognize factors and lifespan considerations that affect the patient.
- 4. Describe nursing interventions to support healing, proper care, and appropriate documentation for each device.
- 5. Recognize major complications and nursing interventions for each.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Purposes and care of:	Read:
Casts	Lewis Ch 62
Bandages	
Braces, Corrective Devices	McKinney, James, Murray Pgs 1340-1346
Exercises	
Interventions	

Bone Infection and Tumors

- 1. Describe the pathophysiology, medical treatments and nursing care of clients with musculoskeletal infections and bone tumors.
- 2. Identify types of infections and tumors prevention and care.
- 3. Recognize factors and lifespan considerations that affect the client.
- 4. Describe nursing interventions for major complications and to support healing.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
MS Infections	Read:
Osteomyelitis	
Acute / Chronic	Lewis, et al. 10 th : Ch 26, p 506-511, Ch. 63, p.1496-1515
Tuberculosis	Lewis 11 th : Ch. 27, pg. 509-515; Ch. 63, pg. 1481-1483
Diagnostic Tests	
Blood cultures	McCuistion Ch 50, p 1220-1222
Wound cultures	
Sputum culture	
Skin test	
Medical / Surgical Management	
Medication Therapy	
Diet therapy	
Surgical Interventions	
Bone Tumors	
Malignant	
Osteoclastoma sarcoma	
Ewing's sarcoma	
Benign	
Metastatic Bone Disease	

Oncology

- 1. Define the term "cancer".
- 2. Identify the seven warning signs of cancer, as defined by the American Cancer Society.
- 3. Identify actions, precautions, and side effects of listed chemotherapeutic drugs.
- 4. Identify appropriate diet modifications.
- 5. Differentiate between external and internal radiation therapy.
- 6. Identify the side effects associated with radiation therapy.
- 7. Describe specific safety precautions necessary when caring for the client receiving radiation therapy or chemotherapy.
- 8. Describe the use of immunotherapy as a treatment modality.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Oncology	Read:
Definition	Lewis 10th: Chapter 15
Risk Factors	Lewis 11 th : Ch. 15, pg. 232-267
Pathophysiology	
Clinical Manifestations	Saunders NCLEX Review: Ch 48-49
Diagnostic Studies	
Treatment Modalities	EAQ Lewis Cancer Assessment
Surgery	
Radiation	McKinney, James, Murray, Chap 48
Chemotherapy	
Immunotherapy	
Nursing Management	
Pediatric Considerations:	

GI Neoplasm

- 1. Discuss the pathophysiology of the gastrointestinal system.
- 2. Describe the clinical manifestations of gastrointestinal cancers.
- 3. Differentiate precipitating factors, inter-professional care, and nursing management for the client with oral, esophageal, gastric, pancreatic, liver, and colorectal cancer.
- 4. Explain diagnostic studies and common surgical/medical treatment modalities for clients with gastrointestinal cancers.
- 5. Discuss nursing and inter-professional management of patients requiring chemotherapy and/or radiation therapy.
- 6. Identify key teaching topics for clients and families.

CONTENT	STUDENT PREPARATION
Neoplastic Disorders	Read:
Types	Lewis 10 th : Ch 41 & 42
Benign Disorders	Lewis 11 th : CH. 41, pg. 889-923; Ch. 42, pg. 924-967
Leukoplakia	Saunders NCLEX Review: Ch 52 &53, 7th Edition
Polyps	
Malignant Disorders	Review Esophageal Varices
Oral Cancer	
Esophageal cancer	
Gastric cancer	
Colorectal cancer	
Carcinoma of the liver	
Carcinoma of the pancreas	
Diagnostic Determinants	
Gastric analysis	
Occult blood	
Colonoscopy	
Proctosigmoidoscopy	
CT scans	
Biopsies	
Laboratory tests	
Other	
Medical Management	
Chemotherapy	
Other	
Surgical Management	
Esophagectomy	
Gastrectomy	
Abdomino-perineal resection	
Ileostomy/colostomy	
Palliative measures	
Liver transplant	
Whipple procedure	
Other	
Complications	
Metastatic sites	

Clinical Judgement

Objectives:

- 1. Define the nursing process and the clinical judgment model.
- 2. Describe the knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed for effective critical thinking.
- 3. Describe the role of critical thinking in the nurse's decision making process.
- 4. Identify resources for developing a plan of care using nursing decision making.
- 5. Correlate each phase of the nursing process with the clinical judgment model.

Content	Learning Activities
Nursing Process	Read:
Clinical Judgment Model	
Effective Critical Thinking	
Application in Decision Making	
	Wilkinson, et al: Vol 1 & 2, Ch. 2